#### **Conformal Higher Spin Gravity**

#### a review with a few news

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with Thomas Basile & Xavier Bekaert [1808.07728]

Conformal Higher Spin (CHS) Gravity:

- A. Higher spin analog of Conformal Gravity
- B. Theory of interacting conformal higher spin fields

- 1. What is CHS Gravity, more precisely?
- 2. Why CHS Gravity is interesting for me (and for you)?
- 3. Some news on CHS Gravity

## What is CHS Gravity?

A. Higher spin analog of Conformal Gravity

- Conformal Gravity in even d dim
  - (1) Made by Weyl tensor: ex. (Weyl tensor)^2 in d=4
  - (2) Gauge Symmetry: Diffeo + Weyl
  - (3) Global Symmetry: Conformal Group SO(2,d)
  - (4) (Holographic) Weyl Anomaly (even d)

Fradkin, Linetsky, Tseytlin, ...

- (1) Spin s Weyl tensor:
  - s derivative of rank s field
  - traceless (s,s) Young diagram

S	
s	

- Form a multiplet under HS gauge symmetry
- HS gauge symmetry?

- A. Higher spin analog of Conformal Gravity
  - (2) Gauge Symmetry: HS gauge (diffeo) + HS Weyl
    - HS gauge symmetry
      - Gauge symmetry of HS Gravity?
      - Spin s symmetry generated by rank s-1 tensor
    - HS Weyl symmetry
      - Spin s symmetry generated by rank s-2 tensor

- (2) Gauge Symmetry: HS gauge (diffeo) + HS Weyl
  - Linearization

$$h_s \sim h_s + \partial \xi_{s-1} + \eta \, \sigma_{s-2}$$

(3) Global Symmetry

- HS conformal Killing  $\partial \xi_{s-1} + \eta \sigma_{s-2} = 0$
- HS analog of conformal symmetry algebra so(2,d)

➡ HSA(2,d)

HSA(2,d-1): HS analog of isometry algebra so(2,d-1) Fradkin, Vasiliev, ...

(4) (Holographic) Weyl Anomaly

- From Bulk Segal; Bekaert, EJ, Mourad, ...
  - HS Gravity in D=d+1 dimensional bulk (AdS)
  - Anomaly of radial direction diffeomorphism
  - Match of Global Symmetries
  - Anomaly of radial direction HS gauge symmetry?

(4) (Holographic) Weyl Anomaly

• From Boundary

Segal; Bekaert, EJ, Mourad; Ponomarev

Bonora, Cvitan, Dominis Prester, Giaccari, Lima de Souza, Stemberga

- d-dim CFT dual of D-dim HS Gravity
  - For type A, B, C: it's free scalar, spinor, vector!
- Anomaly of Weyl symmetry

# Why CHS Gravity is interesting?

- Action principle as Weyl anomaly of free CFT
- Metric formulation

(and also unfolded and twistor formulation) Vasiliev, Shaynkman Adamo, Hahnel, McLoughlin

• All interaction vertices are local

- B. Theory of interacting conformal higher spin fields
  - Free conformal spin s field (Fradkin-Tseytlin field)

$$h_s \sim h_s + \partial \xi_{s-1} + \eta \, \sigma_{s-2}$$

Conformal Killing tensor

$$\partial\,\xi_{s-1} + \eta\,\sigma_{s-2} = 0$$

• Equation invariant under linearized gauge symmetry

$$\mathbb{P}^s_{\mathrm{TT}} \square^{s + \frac{d-4}{2}} h_s \approx 0$$

Fradkin, Tseytlin, Vasiliev, Metsaev, ...

• Free conformal spin s field (Fradkin-Tseytlin field)

$$\chi_{\mathcal{S}(2-s;(s))} = \chi_{\mathcal{V}(2-s;(s))} - \chi_{\mathcal{V}(1-s;(s-1))} + \chi_{\mathcal{D}(1-s;(s-1))}$$

Conformal Killing tensor

$$\chi_{\mathcal{D}(1-s;(s-1))}$$

• Equation invariant under linearized gauge symmetry

$$\chi_{\mathcal{D}(s+d-2;(s))} = \chi_{\mathcal{V}(s+d-2;(s))} - \chi_{\mathcal{V}(s+d-1;(s-1))}$$

Shaynkman, Tipunin, Vasiliev; Bekaert, Beccaria, Tseytlin

• On-shell free conformal spin s field

$$\chi_{\mathcal{D}(2;(s,s))} = \chi_{\mathcal{S}(2-s;(s))} - \chi_{\mathcal{D}(s+d-2;(s))}$$
$$= \chi_{\mathcal{D}(1-s;(s-1))} + \chi_{\mathcal{V}(2-s;(s))} - \chi_{\mathcal{V}(1-s;(s-1))}$$
$$-\chi_{\mathcal{V}(s+d-2;(s))} + \chi_{\mathcal{V}(s+d-1;(s-1))}$$

• On-shell free conformal spin s field

$$\chi_{\mathcal{D}(2;(s,s))} = \chi_{\mathcal{D}(1-s;(s-1))} + \chi_{\mathcal{V}(2-s;(s))} - \chi_{\mathcal{V}(1-s;(s-1))}$$
$$-\chi_{\mathcal{V}(s+d-2;(s))} + \chi_{\mathcal{V}(s+d-1;(s-1))}$$

$$\chi_{\mathcal{D}(s+d-2;(s))} = \chi_{\mathcal{V}(s+d-2;(s))} - \chi_{\mathcal{V}(s+d-1;(s-1))}$$

On-shell free conformal spin s field

$$\chi_{\mathcal{D}(2;(s,s))} = \chi_{\mathcal{D}(1-s;(s-1))} + \chi_{\mathcal{V}(2-s;(s))} - \chi_{\mathcal{V}(1-s;(s-1))} - \chi_{\mathcal{V}(s+d-2;(s))} + \chi_{\mathcal{V}(s+d-1;(s-1))}$$

$$\chi_{\mathcal{V}(\Delta,\mathbb{Y})}(q^{-1},\boldsymbol{x}) = (-1)^d \chi_{\mathcal{V}(d-\Delta,\mathbb{Y})}(q,\boldsymbol{x})$$

 $\chi_{\mathcal{V}(2-s;(s))}(q, \boldsymbol{x}) - \chi_{\mathcal{V}(1-s;(s-1))}(q, \boldsymbol{x}) = (-)^d \chi_{\mathcal{D}(s+d-2;(s))}(q^{-1}, \boldsymbol{x})$ 

On-shell free conformal spin s field

In even dimension d

$$\chi_{\mathcal{D}(2;(s,s))}(q, \boldsymbol{x}) = \chi_{\mathcal{D}(1-s;(s-1))}(q, \boldsymbol{x}) + \chi_{\mathcal{D}(s+d-2;(s))}(q^{-1}, \boldsymbol{x}) - \chi_{\mathcal{D}(s+d-2;(s))}(q, \boldsymbol{x})$$

Bekaert, Beccaria, Tseytlin

#### PF of CHS = PF of HS Neumann - PF of HS Dirichelt

Giombi, Klebanov, Pufu, Safidi, Tarnopolsky

#### **Partition Function of CHS Gravity**

$$\sum_{s=0}^{\infty} \chi_{\mathcal{D}(2;(s,s))}(q, \boldsymbol{x}) = \sum_{s=1}^{\infty} \chi_{\mathcal{D}(1-s;(s-1))}(q, \boldsymbol{x}) + \sum_{s=0}^{\infty} \chi_{\mathcal{D}(s+d-2;(s))}(q^{-1}, \boldsymbol{x}) - \sum_{s=0}^{\infty} \chi_{\mathcal{D}(s+d-2;(s))}(q, \boldsymbol{x})$$

• Flato-Fronsdal

$$\left(\chi_{\text{Rac}}(q, \boldsymbol{x})\right)^2 = \sum_{s=0}^{\infty} \chi_{\mathcal{D}(s+d-2;(s))}(q, \boldsymbol{x})$$

$$\chi_{\text{Rac}}(q^{-1}, \boldsymbol{x}) = (-1)^{d+1} \chi_{\text{Rac}}(q, \boldsymbol{x})$$

#### **Partition Function of CHS Gravity**



- Partition Function of Linearized Fields (1-Loop PF)
  II
- Partition Function of Symmetry Generators

#### **Partition Function of CHS Gravity**



- Remarks
  - Divergent series
  - Converge only as a distribution
  - PF: chemical potential as a natural regulator

# Why CHS Gravity is interesting?

- Very special scattering amplitudes
  - Zero scattering of external conformal scalars Joung, Nakach, Tseytlin
  - Zero scattering of conformal spin 1 and 2

Beccaria, Nakach, Tseytlin

- Very special partition function
  - Zero Casimir energy and a-anomaly

Giombi, Klebanov, Pufu, Safidi, Tarnopolsky, Tseytlin

• Linearized spectrum = Symmetry Algebra

### Higher Order Extension

Bekaert, Grigoriev; Brust, Hinterbichler

- AdS dual of  $\ \, ar{\phi} \, \Box^\ell \, \phi$
- PM fields of spin s and depth t=1,3,...,2 $\ell$ -1
- Type-Al HSA: generated by



- Any d HSA with sp2 projector to 2*l*-1 dim rep
- Any d Vasiliev equation with sp2 projector to 2*l*-1 dim rep

## Type-Al HS Algebra

Alkalaev, Grigoriev; EJ, Mkrtchyan

- Howe duality
  - SO(2,d):  $M_{ab} = y_{\alpha a} y^{\alpha}{}_b$
  - Sp(2):  $K_{\alpha\beta} = y_{\alpha} \cdot y_{\beta}$
- Type-A $\lambda$ 
  - Quotient:  $\frac{1}{2} K_{\alpha\beta} \star K^{\alpha\beta} \sim (1-\lambda)(1+\lambda)$
  - Type-A1/2 HSA(2,d): Subalgebra of Type-A HSA(2,d+1)

### Type-Al HS Algebra

- Type-A*l* 
  - Type-A $\lambda$  has an ideal when  $\lambda = \ell$
  - Quotient:  $K_{(\alpha_1\alpha_2} \star K_{\alpha_3\alpha_4} \star \cdots \star K_{\alpha_{2\ell-1}\alpha_{2\ell}} \sim 0$
  - Projector:

$$D_{\lambda} = N_{\lambda} \int_{0}^{1} dx \, x^{\frac{1}{2}} \, (1-x)^{\frac{d-4}{2}} \, _{2}F_{1} \left(1+\lambda \, , \, 1-\lambda \, ; \, \frac{3}{2} \, ; \, \frac{1}{1-x}\right) e^{-2\sqrt{x} \, y_{+} \cdot \, y_{-}}$$
$$N_{\lambda} = \frac{(-1)^{\lambda-1} \, \Gamma(d+1)}{2^{d-1} \, \Gamma(\frac{d}{2}-\lambda)} \Gamma(\frac{d}{2}+\lambda)$$

## Type-Al HS Algebra

- Type-A $\ell$  with  $\ell \ge d/2$ 
  - has an ideal { (r,2n) | r>n+l-d/2 }
  - Finite dim algebra as coset (ex. *l*-d/2=3)



• Endomorphism of

- Conformal fields of spin s and depth t=1, 3, ..., 2l-1
  - Gauge symmetry:  $\delta_{\xi,\sigma}h_s^{(t)} = \partial^t \xi_{s-t} + \eta \sigma_{s-2}$
  - Weyl tensor:  $C_{s,s-t+1}^{(t)} = \mathbb{P}_{\mathrm{T}}^{s,s-t+1} \partial^{s-t+1} h_s^{(t)} \underset{\mathfrak{so}(1,d-1)}{\sim} \underbrace{\frac{s}{s-t+1}}_{s-t+1}$

• Action: 
$$S_{\mathrm{FT}^{(t)}}[h_s^{(t)}] = (-1)^{s-t+1} \int_{M_d} \mathrm{d}^d x \ C_{s,s-t+1}^{(t)} \Box^{\frac{d-4}{2}} C_{s,s-t+1}^{(t)}$$
$$= \int_{M_d} \mathrm{d}^d x \ h_s^{(t)} \, \mathbb{P}^s_{\mathrm{T}^t\mathrm{T}} \, \Box^{s-t+\frac{d-2}{2}} h_s^{(t)}$$

• Special conformal fields:  $1+s \le t \le s+(d-2)/2$ 

Metsaev

• Partially conserved currents (k=1,..., $\ell$ ) Brust, Hinterbichler

$$J_s^{(2k-1)} = \bar{\phi} \,\partial^s \,\Box^{\ell-k} \,\phi + \cdots$$

- Not (partially-)conserved for t=2k-1≥s+1
- For  $\ell \leq d/4$ 
  - Basis for single trace operator with  $\Delta = s+d-2k$

$$\{J_s^{(2k-1)}, \Box J_s^{(2k+1)}, \dots, \Box^{\ell} J_s^{(2k+2\ell-1)}\}$$

- For  $\ell > d/4$ , "Extension" Brust, Hinterbichler
  - Degeneracy (both primary and descendent)

$$J_s^{(2k-1)} \propto \Box^{k'-k} J_s^{(2k'-1)} \qquad k+k'=s+\frac{d}{2}, \qquad k \le k'$$

• New generator (neither primary nor descendent)  $\widetilde{J}_s^{(2k-1)}$ 



- For  $\ell$  >d/4, "Extension"
  - Two point fn of current operators

$$\langle J_s^{(2k'-1)}(x) \, \tilde{J}_s^{(2k-1)}(0) \rangle \propto \frac{\eta^s}{|x|^{d+\epsilon}} + \cdots \xrightarrow{\epsilon \sim 0} \frac{\rho_{\frac{d}{2}}}{\epsilon} \eta^s \, \delta^{(d)}(x)$$

• Quadratic Lagrangian of CHS Gravity

$$\tilde{h}_{s}^{(2k-1)} \left( \Box^{s+\frac{d}{2}-2k} + \cdots \right) \tilde{h}_{s}^{(2k-1)} + \tilde{h}_{s}^{(2k-1)} h_{s}^{(2k'-1)}$$

• Both fields are absent in the on-shell spectrum

- PF of linearized fields = PF of symmetry generators
  - For  $\ell < d/4$

$$\sum_{t=1,3,\dots}^{2\ell-1} \left[ \sum_{s=0}^{t-1} \chi_{\mathcal{D}(1+t-s;(s))} + \sum_{s=t}^{\infty} \chi_{\mathcal{D}(2;(s,s-t+1))} \right] = \sum_{t=1,3,\dots}^{2\ell-1} \sum_{s=t}^{\infty} \chi_{\mathcal{D}(1-s;(s-t))}$$

• For  $d/4 \le \ell < d/2$ 

$$\sum_{t=1,3,\dots}^{2\ell-1} \left[ \sum_{s=\max\{0,\frac{t-d+3}{2}+\ell\}}^{t-1} \chi_{\mathcal{D}(1+t-s;(s))} + \sum_{s=t}^{\infty} \chi_{\mathcal{D}(2;(s,s-t+1))} \right] = \sum_{t=1,3,\dots}^{2\ell-1} \sum_{s=t}^{\infty} \chi_{\mathcal{D}(1-s;(s-t))}$$

- A few more remarks
  - $\ell \ge d/2$
  - Type-Bℓ
  - Double trace deformation

$$\int_{M_d} \mathrm{d}^d x \left( \bar{\phi}^a \,\Box^\ell \,\phi_a + \sum_{s,k'} g_{s,k} \,J_s^{(2k'-1)} \,J_s^{(2k'-1)} \right)$$

### **Branching Rule**

## **Branching Rule**

- Decomposition of CHS field into PM fields
  - Around AdS background

Metsaev; Nutma, Taronna; EJ, Mkrtchyan

• Bach flat background

Kuzenko, Ponds

Higher depth CHS fields
 Grigoriev, Hancharuk

 $\mathcal{D}\big(2; (s, s-t+1)\big) \stackrel{\mathfrak{so}(2,d)}{\downarrow} \bigoplus_{\substack{\sigma=s-t+1 \\ \sigma=s-t+1}}^{s} \bigoplus_{\substack{\sigma=s-t+1 \\ \tau=\sigma-s+t}}^{\sigma+\frac{d-4}{2}} \mathcal{S}\big(1+\tau-\sigma; (\sigma)\big) \oplus \mathcal{D}\big(\sigma+d-\tau-2; (\sigma)\big)$ 

# Why CHS Gravity is interesting?

### Why CHSG is interesting?

- Relation to HS Gravity
  - Conformal spin s field around AdS: partially massless spin s and depth 1, 2, ..., s+(d-4)/2
  - Reduction to d-dim (not (d+1)-dim) HS Gravity?
    - Maybe, HSG with Type-A1/2 HSA(2,d)

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- Metric formulation (and also unfolded and twistor formulation)
- All interaction vertices are local

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- Very special partition function
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  - Linearized spectrum = Symmetry Algebra